| 050 | BZE | Branch to $N$ if $x=0$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 052 | BNZ | Branch to $N$ if $x \neq 0$ |
| 054 | BPZ | Branch to $N$ if $x \geqslant 0$ |
| 056 | BNG | Branch to $N$ if $x<0$ |
| $\dagger 060$ | BUX | Single word modify: $x_{m}{ }^{\prime}=x_{m}+1 \quad \mid \quad x_{c}{ }^{\prime}=x_{c}-1$ |
| $\dagger 062$ | BDX | Double word modify: $\left.x_{m}{ }^{\prime}=x_{m}+2\right\}$ Branch to $N$ [if $\left.x_{c}{ }^{\prime} \neq 0\right]$ |
| $\pm 064$ | BCHX | Character modify: $\begin{array}{lll} x_{k}=0,1 \text { or } 2 & x_{k^{\prime}}=x_{k}+1, & x_{m^{\prime}}=x_{m} \\ x_{1}=3 & x_{l^{\prime}}=0 \end{array}, \quad x_{m_{m}^{\prime}}^{\prime}=x_{m}+1, \begin{aligned} & x_{d^{\prime}}=x_{d}-1 \\ & \text { Branch to } N \text { if } x_{d^{\prime}} \neq 0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\left.x_{k}=3 \quad x_{k}=0 \quad, x_{m}^{\prime}=x_{m}+1\right) \quad$ Branch to $N i x_{d} \neq 0$ |
| *066 | BCT | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Count least significant } 15 \text { bits of } X . & x_{m}^{\prime}=x_{m}-1 \\ & \text { Branch to } N \text { if } x_{m}^{\prime} \neq 0\end{array}$ |




| 120 | ANDN | $x^{\prime}=x \& N$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 121 | ORN | $x^{\prime}=x \vee N$ |
| 122 | ERN | $\boldsymbol{x}^{\prime}=\boldsymbol{x} \neq N$ |
| 123 | NULL | No operation |
| 124 | LDCT | $x_{c}{ }^{\prime}=N, n_{m}{ }^{\prime}=0$ |
| 125 | MODE | Set zero suppression mode |
| 126 | MOVE | Transfer $N$ words from address $x$ to address $x^{*}$ |
| 127 | SUM | $x^{\prime}=$ Sum of $N$ words from address $x^{*}$ |
| * 130 | FLOAT | Convert n: from fixed to floating and store in $A$ |
| * 131 | FIX | Convert $a$ from floating to fixed and store in $N(M)$ and $N(M)+1$ |
| * 132 | FAD | $a^{\prime}=a+n$ : |
| * 133 | FSB | $a^{\prime}=a-n: \quad$ For $X=0$, as shown |
| * 134 | FMPY | $a^{\prime}=a . n: \quad$ For $X=4$, interchange $a$ and $n$ : |
| * 135 | FDVD | $a^{\prime}=a / n: \quad$ |
| * 136 | LFP | $a^{\prime}=n$ : |
| * 136 | LFPZ | $a^{\prime}=0$, when $X=1$ |
| * 137 | SFP | $n:^{\prime}=a$ |
| * 137 | SFPZ | $n:^{\prime}=a, a^{\prime}=0$, when $X=1$ |
| 150 | SUSBY | Suspend if a specified peripheral is active |
| 151 | REL | Release a specified peripheral |
| 152 | DIS | Disengage a specified peripheral |
| 153 |  | Unassigned |
| 154 | CONT | Read more program from a specified peripheral |
| * 155 | SUSDP | Suspend and dump program on a specified peripheral |
| 156 | ALLOT | Assign, or supply information about, a specified peripheral or file. |
| 157 | PERI | Initiate action on a peripheral according to control area N(M) |
| $1600 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{M})$ | SUSTY | Suspend and type message on console typewriter |
| $1601 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{M})$ | DISTY | Type message on console typewriter without suspension |
| $1602 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{M})$ | DELTY | Delete program and treat message as console directive |
| 1610 M (M) | SUSWT | Suspend and type HALTED $n_{a}$ (as two characters) on the console typewriter |
| $1611 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{M})$ | DISP | Type DISPLAY $n_{a}$ (as two characters) on the console typewriter without suspension |
| $1612 \mathrm{~N}(\mathrm{M})$ | DEL | Delete program and type DELETED $n_{a}$ (as two characters) on the console typewriter |
| * 162 XN (M) | SUSMA | If $n^{*}=0$, make $n^{* /} \neq 0$ and $n^{\prime}=x$, and omit next instruction. |
|  |  | If $n^{*} \neq 0$, proceed to next instruction. |
| * 163 XN (M) | AUTO | Activate member X at $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{M})$. For reactivation, $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{M})$ must be zero. |
| * 16410 | SUSAR | Suspend current member awaiting reactivation by AUTO. |
| * 16420 | SUSIN | Suspend current member awaiting flag-setting interrupt or AUTO. |
| 165 XN (M) | GIVE | $N(M)=0$ Give date in binary in $X$ |
|  |  | $N(M)=1$ Give date in characters in $\mathrm{XX}^{*}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{M})=2$ Give time in characters in $\mathrm{XX}^{*}$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{M})=3$ Give current core store allocation in X. |
|  |  | $N(M)=4$ Alter core store allocation to that specified in X. <br> $N(M)=5$ Give details of Executive and central processor <br> $N(M)=8$ Give current address mode and branch mode in $X$ |
|  |  | $N(M)=9$ Alter address mode and branch mode to those specified in X |
| * 166 XN (M) | RRQ | $X=0$ Read request block into store at $N(M)$ |
|  |  | $\mathrm{X}=1$ Replace request block from store at $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{M})$ |



## Notes

The function codes 140 to 147 are undefined
C These instructions may set the carry register but cannot cause overflow. The 043 order may set V or C .
The carry register $C$ is left clear by any order except 023,117 and 123 , unless that order sets C.
V These instructions may cause overflow.

* These instructions are not available with some machines or with some Executives. For the availability of instructions with particular machine configurations see the Central Processors manual.
$\dagger \quad$ In 22-bit address mode these instructions operate on $X_{e m}$ instead of $x_{m}$ and branch unconditionally to $N$.
This card does not in all cases give a complete definition of an instruction. Further information on each instruction may be found in the Central Processors manual and the Plan Reference Manual. Hardware and software developments may alter the specifications of some instructions subsequent to the date of going to print, so a close watch on User Notices and relevant manual amendments is recommended.
Branch instructions are defined here in direct branch mode terms only. For extended branch mode, please refer to the Central Processors manual or the PLAN Reference Manual.


## NOTATION

$N$ is a core store address or a 12 bit number.
$X$ is an accumulator (registers $0-7$ ).
$M$ is a modifier register (registers 1-3).
$F$ is a function
$C$ is the carry register
$c$ is the content of $C(0$ or 1$)$.
$V$ is the overflow register.
$A$ is the floating point accumulator.
$a$ is the content of $A$.
$x, m$ are the contents of $X, M$ respectively.
$n$ is the content of $N$ after modification by $m$ if necessary.
$n^{*}$ is the content of $N(M)+1$
$X^{*}$ is the accumulator $X+1\left(X 7^{*}=X 0\right)$
$x^{*}$ is the content of $X^{*}$.
$x^{\prime}, n^{\prime}, a^{\prime}$ are the contents of $X, N, A$ after an instruction has been obeyed.
$x^{* \prime}$ is the content of $x^{*}$ after an instruction has been obeyed.
$n^{* \prime}$ is the content of $N(M)+1$ after an instruction has been obeyed.
$x:, n$ : are double length numbers in $X, X+1$, and $N, N+1$ respectively.
$S$ is the sign bit (bit 0 ).
The most significant bit of the second word of a double length number is always zero.

## Subscripts

In general these are applicable to $x$ or $n$.
$x_{e}$ is the least significant 9 bits of $x$. The exponent of a floating point number occupies this portion of the second word.
$x_{a}$ is the least significant 12 bits of $x$ (the $N$ address of an instruction).
$x_{v}$ is a 9 bit counter at the most significant end of $x$.
$x_{m}$ is the least significant 15 bits of $x$ (the modifier part of an index register).
$x_{e m}$ is the least significant 22 bits of $x$ (the modifier in extended mode).
$x_{k}$ is the most significant 2 bits of $x$, used in character modifying with end-aroundcarry to $x_{m}$
$x_{d}$ is the least significant 7 bits of $x_{c}$
$x_{j}$ is any one of $x_{0}, x_{1}, x_{2}, x_{3}$, the four 6 -bit characters of $x_{\text {. }}$
$N_{t}$ is the most significant 2 bits of the 12 bit $N$ address.
$N_{s}$ is the least significant 10 bits of the 12 bit $N$ address.

## DIRECTIVES

The following lists indicate to which category each PLAN directive belongs and the versions of PLAN to which each is applicable.

| MAJOR DIRECTIVES | PLAN |
| :--- | :--- |
| \#CMODE | 3,4 |
| \#ELASTIC | 4 |
| \#FINISH | $2,3,4$ |
| \#LOWER | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#MACRO | 3,4 |
| \#OMIT | 3,4 |
| \#OVERLAY | 3,4 |
| \#PERIPHERAL | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#PERMANENT | 3,4 |
| \#PMODE | 4 |
| \#PROGRAM | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#STOP | 3 |
| \#UPPER | $2,3,4$ |


| MINOR DIRECTIVES | PLAN. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Program Area Directives |  |
| \#COMPLETE | 3,4 |
| \#CUE | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#ENTRY | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#MONITOR | 3,4 |


| General Purpose Directives |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| \#DEFINE | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#ERRORSEG | 4 |
| \#HMODE | 4 |
| \#LIBRARY | 3,4 |
| \#ORDER | 3,4 |
| \#OUST | 1 |
| \#PAGE | $1,2,3,4$ |
| \#SET | $2,3,4$ |
| \#SWITCH | 2,3 |
| \# (Comment directive) | $1,2,3,4$ |

MACRO INSTRUCTIONS

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INSTRUCTION |  | EFFECT | NO. OF BASIC |
| INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |  |

PSEUDO OPERATIONS

| INPUT | - | Input a record |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INDIS | - | Distribute input records |
| OUT | - | Distribute and output fields |
| SDUMP | - | Dump state of program onto a storage device. |


| SD MACRO INSTRUCTIONS |  | Equivalent MT Macros |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SDBSS | Back to start-of-subfile sentine! | MTBSS |
| SDBTS | Back to user sentine! | MTBTS |
| SDBUF | Set up user's buffers | mTBUF |
| SDCLB | Close bucket/batch early | MTCLB |
| SDCLS | Close a subfile | MTCLS |
| SDCRE | Close reel/cassette early | MTCRE |
| SDDEF | Define a file | MTDEF |
| SDDEL | Delete record |  |
| SDEND | Close file | MTEND |
| SDEXT | Extend or contract file |  |
| SDFES | Forward to end-of-subfile sentinel | MTFES |
| SDFSS | Forward to start-of-subfile sentinel | MTFSS |
| SDFTS | Forward to user sentinel | MTFTS |
| SDIND | Search index tables |  |
| SDLAB | Relabel output tape |  |
| SDRD | Read a record | MTRD |
| SDRDB | Read a bucket/block | MTRDB |
| SDRDP | Set pointer to start of record | MTRDP |
| SDRRB | Reverse read a block | MTRRB |
| SDSUS | Check previous transfer to file | MTSUS |
| SDWR | Write updated record | MTWR |
| SDWRB | Write a bucket/block | MTWRB |
| SDWRI | Insert new record | MTWR |
| SDWRS | Write user sentinel | MTWRS |
| SDWRU | Write unchanged record | MTWR |
| SDWSS | Write start-of-subfile sentinel | MTWSS |
| OVERLAY MACRO INSTRUCTIONS |  |  |
| ENTER | Ascertains which overlay unit contains the specified cue; if this overlay unit is already in core store, branches to a specified location in it; otherwise, brings it into store before branching. |  |
| RECAL | Ascertains which overlay unit contains the specified cue, brings it into core store and branches to a specified location in it. |  |
| BRING | Brings an overlay unit into core sto does not enter it | ss it is already there), but |

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